

Proposed Agenda

Agenda item 1 – Welcome and Agenda

Welcome and adoption of the agenda.

Agenda item 2 – Round Table

Updates from

- TF Members (incl. Avian influenza situation)
- AEWA Secretariat (Staffing, EGM IWG7 update, etc.)
- EGMP Data Centre

Agenda item 3 – Updates Data and AFMPs

- Data overview missing derogation data at MU level and other data requests (Kees)
- Update on the modelling work (Hans/Kees)
- AFMP: Coordination of derogations Definition, way forward (Eva/Gitte)
- Avian influenza EGMP role (Gitte)

Agenda item 4 – National Reporting

New process document presented and discussed. (Eva)



Agenda item 5 – Communication

- Communication document for EGM IWG7 (Eva)
- Update of the upcoming webinars of the EGMP (Shenay)
- Briefing notes which notes will the Task Force develop (e.g. BG species fact sheet, AFMP executive summary etc.) (Eva)
- Website updates (Shenay)

Agenda item 6 – Functioning of this Task Force, Coordinator, survey to EGM IWG

• New Coordinator for the Task Force / chair for the next meeting

Agenda item 7 - Agree on the date for the next meeting & AoB

- Next meeting
- <u>AoB</u>





Agenda item 3

Updates on Data and AFMPs

Cumulative impact derogations



ISSMP for the BG

• Actions 4.2 of the ISSMP requires to:

"asses periodically, and report to the AEWA EGM IWG, the cumulative impact of derogations (as well as hunting in Range States in which derogation is not required) on the development of the population, the likelihood of serious damage to agriculture and risk to air safety and to other flora and fauna (including the Arctic ecosystems), and the non-lethal measures taken to prevent damage/risk, as well as the effectiveness of these.

If necessary, coordinate the derogation measures between Range States to avoid risk to the population and to enhance the effectiveness of the measures



Some Clarifications ...

- Not define any target size for the population or any of its management units
- <u>Not to limit the derogations</u> while agreeing on the need to establish the process for assessment of the cumulative impact of derogations with other RS.
- <u>Not to limit</u> the flexibility of its Member States to apply the derogations
- The main purpose of the discussion is to pave out the process on limitation of derogations if the <u>assessment</u> proves the risk of falling below legally required FRV



AFMP

Table 5. Monitoring, assessment and offtake coordination depending on the status of the population

Actual size of the population and its MUs	Measures		
> 200% of the FRP	 Monitoring of population size, offtake under derogation and hunting; Prediction of population development. 		
< 200% of the FRP	 Monitoring of population size, offtake under derogation and hunting; Prediction of population development; Coordination of offtake under derogation and hunting; Taking coordinated conservation measures, if necessary. 		



Clarification of the word "coordination"

As agreed at EGM IWG6, coordination in this context does not mean that range states will be expected to de facto coordinate their use of derogations under the EGMP.

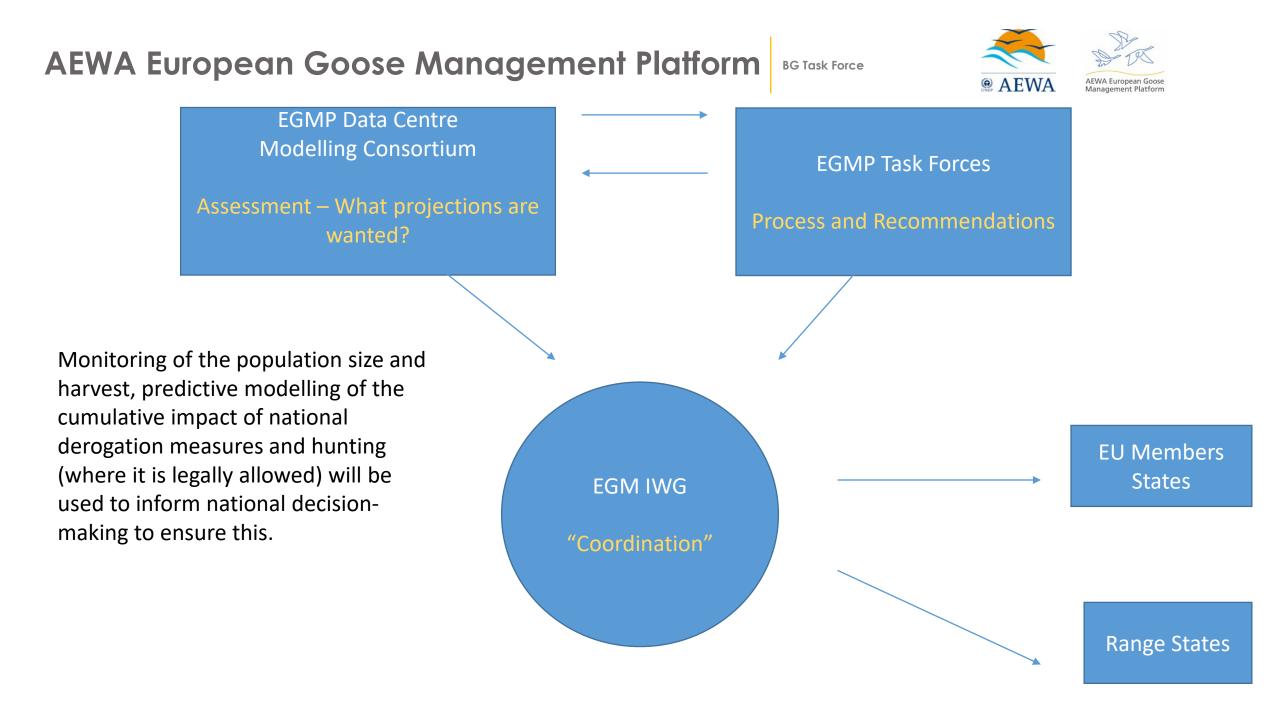
EU Member States, in particular, maintain their full rights to make use of derogations as provided under the EU Birds Directive.

The exact process and its implementation will be further discussed and defined within the Task Force



Summary of discussion EGM IWG

- "Coordination" would mean assuring that the population does not drop below the FRP
- RS and EC to work on setting up a transparent process that is applicable for any MU in the future.
- EC to develop a guidance on the application of Article 9 of the Birds Directive.
- Give the mandate to the Task Force to agree on a common process to be implemented as a response to reaching the set threshold in population size.





Suggested next steps

- Coordination with the EC
- How can and will this be discussed among the EU MS?
- EGMP could monitor the implementation of any measures via the EGMP National Reporting
- What are the expectations/needs from the Range States?
- What should the role of the EGMP be in this process (e.g. Monitoring of the population size and harvest, predictive modelling of the cumulative impact of national derogation measures and hunting)...

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Cumulative impact of derogations -

Suggested next steps

Where	What	Who	When	Periodicity
Population assessment report	Population trajectory (stock assessment)	MC collect data	Discuss at MC with Dutch Research Consortium	annual vs every 3 years?
under each population chapter: Status of population, level of offtake, pop trajectory		Dutch Research C. Assessment	in 2022: Russia BG	
			in 2023 E Greenland	

AFMP

6 year cycle of evaluation and adaptation related to:

- Management Units
- FRVs
- Box 1
- Population models
- Damage Impact models
- Cumulative impact models of derogation and legal hunting
- Protocol for the iterative phases
- The range of and methods for indicators and programs
- The state of indicators and evaluation towards achieving objectives

3-year cycle (next in 2022) related to:

- Assessing whether the population size and its MUs are below the 200% threshold and approaching the FRP.
- Assessment of the cumulative impact of derogation and legal hunting
- If the population and its MUs is below the 200% threshold and approaching the FRP → Coordination of offtake under derogation and hunting.
- Taking coordinated conservation measures, if necessary.
- Increase understanding of population dynamics
- Refine models of population dynamics

1 year cycle of:

- Monitoring of indicators related to population models
- Update and report on work plans for the Task Force, Data Centre, AEWA Secretariat and Range States

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The Dutch Modelling consortium will do the assessment every 3 year, starting in 2022.

The assessment will be

- 1) Retrospective (what was the impact) and
- 2) Prospective (what *will* the impact be) which scenarios should the assessment look at?

AEWA European Goose Management Platform BG Task Force Are any of the Management units below 200%?

MU	FRP (pairs)	Actuals (pairs)	Actuals/ FRP	Above 200% of the FVP		
MU1 (Arctic	105,165	451,215	429%	•		
MU2 (Baltic)	12,000	14,500	121%	0		
MU3 (North Sea)	12,000	19,563	163%	0		
0 1 1980 1990 2000 2010 2020						

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 FRP → Coordination* of offtake under derogation and hunting.
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National emergency procedures e.g. large die off due to avian flu or cold winter (hunting/derogation closure). Exist in DK, UK, France? and ?