









National reports

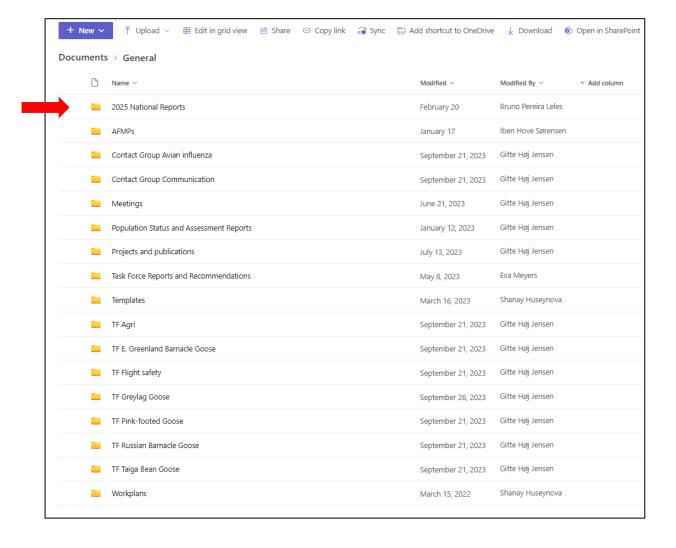
- Rule 32 of the Modus Operandi of EGMP indicates that national reports shall be prepared by each Range State, according to a format agreed by the EGM IWG.
- Document AEWA/EGMIWG/7.5 provides an overview of the template and workflow for submission of EGMP National Reports.
- The scope of the National Reports includes activities foreseen in the Action and Management Plans, implementation of adaptive harvest management programmes, and reporting on other tasks as necessary.





National reports - process

- Range States agreed on a two-year reporting cycle on a trial basis
- Online shared table to be used as a template for national reporting
- EGM IWG8 decided that the Secretariat and the Data Centre will further
 conceptualise the process for national reporting and submit a proposal to EGM IWG
 after the next national reporting cycle in 2025. TBG and PfG sections can be included
 after the revised ISSMP/ISSAP have been approved at AEWA MOP9 in 2025.

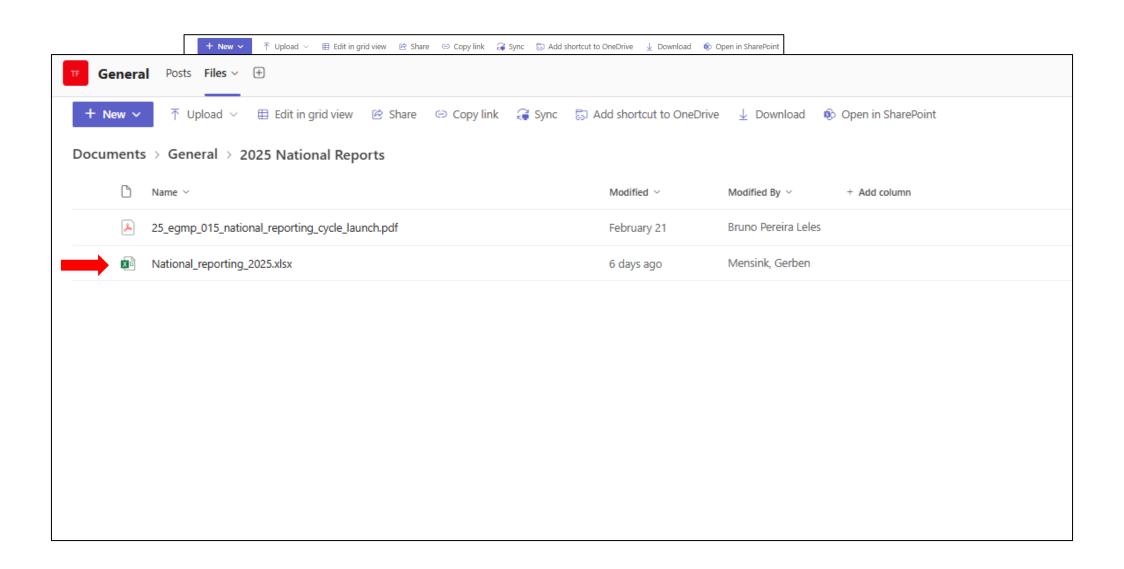


















Excel file: National_reporting_2025.xlsx

4 Tabs:

- General non-species-spec. rep
- Barnacle Goose RUSSIA population
- Barnacle Goose E. Greenland population
- Greylag Goose NW SW Europe population

Has your country	Yes. A national working	Revitalisation of a	Yes, national working	Written stakeholder	Contact group DEB/OFB	Germany has established	Unforma
established national	group has been	national working group	group of goose	consultation on EGMP		a working group which	been set
working groups to support	established with all	(farming, hunting, airport	management established,	documents in advcance of		consists of representatives	impleme
the implementation of the	relevant stakeholders	operators, BirdLife.) is	with the main aim to	the annual meeting		of the federal government	monitor
management and action	(representatives of	planned prior the EGMP	support, discuss, develop	(NGO's: hunters,		and representatives of the	
plans under EGMP? Please	farmer's, hunting and	meeting in june 2023.	national goose action	birdwatchers, farmers).		federal states. The working	
doccribo	nature concentration		nian All etakoholdore			group doals with ECMD	
General non-species-spec. rep Barnacle Goose RUSSIA populatio Barnacle Goose E Greenland pop Greylag Goose NW SW Europe pop +							H
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A	В	С	D	E	F	
Actions from the ISSMP	Priority	Timescale	Belgium	Denmark	Estonia	
1.1 Provide adequate protection and management to key sites of international importance under Article 4(1) of the Birds Directive in the EU and other relevant instruments in other Range States throughout the range of the populations and maintain them in good ecological status	Essential	Short / Rolling	No sites have been designated for this species in BE. The areas with important concentrations of barnacle geese overlap with the sites that have been designated for other wintering waterbirds/geese so the adequate protection of the sites is covered.		Adequate protection and management of key sites of international importance is provided.	
1.2 Promote goose-based eco-tourism at selected key sites	Medium	Medium	In BE current goose-based eco-tourism is rather based on pinkfoot and whitefronted geese, as these two species comprise the biggest number of wintering geese. Barnacle geese mostly winter in the same areas so no need for extra actions.	No need to promote further - existing ecotourism sites attract visitors anyway. For example the Wadden Sea National Park. From 2022 there has been established annual public "goose days" at Nissum Fjord - organized by "Naturpark Nissum Fjord"	Main goose staging sites are well-known and visited regularly by birding guides providing adequate service for birdwatchers from different countries.	
2.1 Take key sites for geese into account in land use planning and growing of sensitive crops[1]	High	Immediate / Rolling	Key sites for hibernation are SPA's, beit designated for other hibernating waterbird species. In these SPA's, grasslands are protected as they are essential for sustaining the wintering goose populations. Crops are most sensitive during the growing season, when only small numbers of breeding barnacles are present (feral population), as such it is not needed to consider specific measures regarding sensitive crops.		First geese management plan in Estonia is accepted. There are proposed to take into acount the geese staging sites into land use planning.	
2.2. Provide accommodation areas to reduce risks and conflicts at sensitive areas through e.g. subsidies[2]	Medium	Medium/ Rolling	condition to receive a compensation	Accommodation areas provided (and under further development) in the vicinity of Copenhagen Airport. Scientific project on this subject is currently being carried out in SE Denmark by AU/Jesper Madsen. Including farmland habitat and salt marsh restoration. Furthermore the municipality in Guldborgsund reestablishes salt marsh including a suitable habitat for BG.	accommodation areas for geese is not used in Estonia. However,	
< > General non-species-spec. rep	Barnacle	Goose RUSSIA p	opulatio Barnacle Goose E Green	land pop Greylag Goose NW SW E	urope pop +	
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Timeline	Activity	Responsibility
November 2024	Secretariat presented the National Reporting process at the EGMP joint TF meeting	
February	Notification sent to NGRs, NEs and Task Force members	
21 February – 17 March	TF members update national workplans with current information about their countries, in consultation with the NGRs.	Task Force members
18 March – 18 April	NGRs review, complete the information and approve	National Government Representatives
April - 16 May	Information is compiled by Secretariat and submitted to EGM IWG10	Secretariat







More information: https://egmp.aewa.info/